

Complies with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name	•	Nitrocellulose Paint (BMA-PGN-PTN-PMN-PDN)
Colors	•	Catalog Colors
Material Uses	•	Paint for wood and metal
Manufacturer		BMA Commercial and Industrial s.a.l
		Industrial Valley, Ain Saade
		Nahr El Mot 55091, North Metn
		Lebanon
Telephone Number	•	+961. 1. 885385 / 485
Emergency Phone	•	+961. 1. 885385 / 485
Number		
Fax Number	:	+961. 1. 885685
E-mail		info@bmapaints.com
Website	:	www.bmapaints.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical State	: Liquid
Flammability	: Flammable liquid – Category 2
Eves	: Serious Eve Damage / Irritation – Category 2A

Label Elements

<u>Hazard Pictograms</u>





Signal Word: DANGER



Hazard Statements

H225	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	: Harmful if swallowed.
H317	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	: Causes serious eye irritation.
H322	: Harmful if inhaled.

Precautionary Statements

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P210	:	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	•	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	•	Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.
P242	:	Use only non-sparking tools.
P243	÷	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P281	•	Use personal protective equipment as required.

<u>Response</u>

P303+P361+P353	:	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P370 + P378	:	In case of fire: Use foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder) for extinction.
		ary chemical powder, for extinction.

Storage

<u>Disposal</u>

P501	:	Dispose of contents/container in	accordance with
		local regulations	

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS Number	% by weight
Alkyd Resin	Proprietary	10 - 30
Nitrocellulose Resin	9004-70-0	10 – 30
Xylene	1330-20-7	0 – 40
Toluene	108-88-3	0 - 40



Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	1 – 10
Butan-1-ol	71-36-3	1 – 10
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	10 - 20
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	1 – 10
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	1 – 10
Di butyl Phthalate	84-74-2	0 - 2
Ingredients	-	To 100
determined not to		
he hazardous		

Components not listed are not physical or health hazards as defined in 29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Eye Contact	: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash
	immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully without rubbing eyes. Consult a physician if irritation persists.
Skin Contact	: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash affected
	areas thoroughly with soap and water. Consult a physician in case of a lasting irritation.
Inhalation	: Get medical advice immediately. Remove to fresh air, away from the accident scene and keep at rest
	in a position comfortable for breathing. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration.
Ingestion	: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice immediately and show this SDS. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability of the Product	:	Classed as flammable.
Products of Combustion	:	If involved in a fire, it may emit noxious and toxic
		fumes.
Suitable Extinguishing	••	Use foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical
Media		powder) for extinction.
Not Suitable Extinguishing	••	Do not use jets of water.
Media		Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be
		used to cool containers exposed to flames to
		prevent explosions.



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Fire Fighting

Highly flammable liquid. Keep containers cool with water spray. Keep storage tanks, pipelines, fire exposed surfaces etc. cool with water spray. Shut off any leak if safe to do so and remove sources of reignition. Vapour/air mixtures may ignite explosively and flashback along the vapour trail may occur. On burning will emit toxic fumes. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

Environmental Precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

Methods and materials for : containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. If the product is flammable, use explosion-proof equipment. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling Ensure that there is an adequate earthling system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without



adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as
they may be pressurised.
Store only in the original container. Store in a
ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of
ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the
product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid
overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers

Conditions for Safe Storage

> 10 for details. Store in a well-ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition.

> away from any incompatible materials, see section

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with Workplace Control Parameters

<u>Product name</u>	Exposure Limit
Xylene :	ACGIH: 100 ppm TWA; 150 ppm STEL
	SG OEL: 100 ppm – 434 mg/m ³ TWA; 150 ppm – 651
	mg/m³ STEL
Toluene :	ACGIH: 20 ppm TWA
n-Butyl acetate :	ACGIH: 150 ppm TWA; 200 ppm STEL
	NIOSH: 150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m³ TWA; 1700 ppm
	IDLH
	OSHA – Final PELs: 150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m³ TWA
Ethyl Acetate :	NIOSH REL: TWA 400 ppm (1400 mg/m³)
	OSHA PEL: TWA 400 ppm (1400 mg/m³)
	ACGIH 1997: TLV: 400 ppm (1400 mg/m³)
	IDLH: 2000 ppm
	OEL – AUSTRALIA: TWA 400 ppm (1400 mg/m³)
Propan-2-ol :	ACGIH: 200 ppm TWA; 400 ppm STEL
Butanol :	ACGIH: 20 ppm TWA
Methyl Ethyl Ketone :	ACGIH: 200 ppm TWA; 300 ppm STEL
Di Butyl Phthalate :	ACGIH: 5 mg/m³TWA



Exposure Controls

Respiratory Protection	:	Use only with adequate ventilation under engineered air control systems designed to prevent exceeding appropriate threshold value. For occasional use, where engineered air control is not feasible, use properly maintained and properly fitted approved respirator for organic solvent vapours. A
		dust mask does not provide protection against vapours.
Eye Protection	:	Use Tightly fitting safety goggles to avoid exposure to liquid splashes.
Hand Protection	:	Protective hands with category III work gloves.
Body Protection	:	Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.
Hygiene Measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after
		handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State :	Viscous liquid
Color :	Catalog colors.
Odor :	Ester odor
Odor Threshold	Not available
pH :	Not available
Melting Point / Freezing :	Not available
Point	
Initial Boiling Point :	Not determined
Boiling Range :	Not available
Flash Point :	< 23 °C
Evaporation Rate :	Not available
Flammability of Solids and :	Not available
Gases	
Lower Inflammability Limit :	Not available
Upper Inflammability Limit :	Not available
Lower Explosive Limit :	Not available
Upper Explosive Limit :	Not available
Vapour Pressure :	Not available
Relative Density (g/cm³) :	1.2
Partition Coefficient: n- :	Not available
octanol/water	
Auto-ignition Temperature :	Not available



Decomposition	: Not	available
Temperature		
Viscosity	: Not	available
Explosive Properties	: Not	available
Oxidising Properties	: Not	available
VOC Content (g/L)	: 500 -	- 700 (depends on gloss level)
Water Solubility	: Insol	uble

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability and Reactivity	:	The product can decompose and/or react violently.
		The product is stable in normal conditions of use and
		storage. It reacts with oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	As the product decomposes even at ambient
		temperature, it must be stored and used at a
		controlled temperature. Avoid violent blows. Avoid
		oxidizing agents.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Specific information about the product itself are not available.

Component: n-Butyl acetate

compenent: <u>ir beryr accrare</u>		
Acute Oral Toxicity	:	LD50 (Mouse) = 6 mg/Kg
		LD50 (Rabbit) = 3,200 mg/Kg
		LD50 (Rat) = 10,768 mg/Kg
Acute Dermal Toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 17,600 mg/Kg
Acute Inhalation Toxicity	••	LC50 (Rat) = 390 ppm/4H
		$LC50$ (Mouse) = 6 mg/m 3 /2H
Draize Test		Rabbit, eye: 100 mg; Moderate
		Rabbit, skin: 500 mg/24H; Moderate

Component: Xylene

Acute Oral Toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/Kg – Low toxicity
Acute Dermal Toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit) > 2,000 mg/Kg – Low toxicity
Acute Inhalation	:	LC50 (Rat) > 20 mg/L/4H
Skin	:	Irritating to Skin
Respiratory Irritation	:	Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to
		the respiratory system.

Component: Toluene

Acute Oral Toxicity	: LD50 (Rat) = 5,000 mg/Kg	
Acute Dermal Toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit) = 12,667 mg/Kg	





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Acute Inhalation : LC50 (Rat) = 25.7 mg/L/4H

Component: Ethyl Acetate

Acute Oral Toxicity : LD50 (Rat) = 5,620 mg/Kg

Acute Dermal Toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 20 g/Kg

Acute Inhalation : $LC50 = 200,000 \text{ mg/m}^3$

Component: Methyl Ethyl Ketone

Acute Oral Toxicity : LD50 (Rat) = 2,193 mg/Kg

Acute Dermal Toxicity : | LD50 (Rabbit): > 8,050 mg/Kg

Acute Inhalation : LC50 (Rat): > 5,000 ppm

Component: Butanol

Acute Oral Toxicity : LD50 (Female Rat) = 2,292 mg/Kg

Acute Dermal Toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit) = 3,430 mg/Kg

Acute Inhalation : LC50 (Rat) > 17.76 mg/L/4H

Component: Propan-2-ol

Acute Oral Toxicity : LD50 (Rat) = 4,710 mg/Kg

Acute Dermal Toxicity : LD50 (Rat) = 12,800 mg/Kg

Acute Inhalation : LC50 (Rat) = 72.6 mg/L/4H

Component: Di Butyl Phthalate

Acute Oral Toxicity : LD50 (Rat) = 7,499 mg/Kg

Acute Dermal Toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 20 mL/Kg

Acute Inhalation Toxicity : $LC50 (Rat) = 4,250 \text{ mg/m}^3$

Component: Cellulose Nitrate

Acute Oral Toxicity : LD50 (Rat): ≥ 5,000 mg/Kg

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it has negative effects on aquatic environment.

Toxicity

Component: Xylene

Acute Oral Toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/Kg – Low toxicity
Acute Dermal Toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/Kg – Low toxicity
Acute Inhalation	:	LC50 (Rat): > 20 mg/L/4H
Skin	:	Irritating to Skin
Respiratory Irritation	:	Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to
		the respiratory system.





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Component: Toluene

LC50 – For Fish	:	5.5 mg/L/96H – Oncorhynchus kisutch
EC50 – For Crustacea	:	3.78 mg/L/48H – Ceriodaphnia dubia
EC50 – For Algae	:	12.5 mg/L/72H – Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Chronic NOEC for Fish	:	1.39 mg/L – Oncorhynchus kisutch – 40 days
Chronic NOEC for	:	0.74 mg/L Daphnia magna – 7 days
Crustacea		
Chronic NOEC for Alage	:	10 ma/L Skeletonema costatum

Component: Butanol

LC50 – For Fish	:	1,376 mg/L/96H – Pimephales promelas
EC50 – For Crustacea	:	18 mg/L/48H – Daphnia magna

Component: Propan-2-ol

EC50 – For Crustacea	:	> 100	mg/L/48H	- Daphnia	- Leuciscus	idus
		meland	tus			
EC50 – For Alage		> 100 ma/L/72H – Scenedesmus subspicatus				

Component: Methyl Ethyl Ketone

LC50 – For Fish	: 2,993 mg/L – Pimephales promelas	
EC50 – For Crustacea	: > 308 mg/L/48H – Daphnia – Leuciscus Doratus	
EC50 – For Algae	: > 100 mg/L/72H – Desmodesmus subspicatus	

Component: Ethyl Acetate

LC50 – For Fish	:	230 mg/L/96H – Pimephales promelas		
EC50 – For Algae	:	> 100 mg/L/72H – Desmodesmus subspicatus		
Chronic NOEC for	:	2.4 mg/L – Daphnia magna – 21 days		
Crustacea				
Chronic NOEC for Algae	:	> 100 mg/L – Desmodesmus subspicatus		

Component: N-Butyl Acetate

LC50 – For Fish		18 mg/L/96H – Pimephales promelas		
EC50 – For Crustacea	0 – For Crustacea : 44 mg/L/48H – Daphnia magna			
EC50 - For Algae : 647 mg/L/72H - Desmodesmus subspicatus				
Chronic NOEC for Algge	•	200 ma/l – Desmodesmus + mus subspicatus		

Component: Cellulose Nitrate

LC50 : 730 mg/L/96H – Selenastrum capricornutum

Persistence and Degradability

Petroleum distillates, charcoal, vegetable extracts: they are mixtures of paraffinic, naphthenic, diterpenic and aromatic hydrocarbons. Their behaviour on the environment depends on the concentration. In each case use, according to good





working practices, avoiding disposal in the environment. As a rule, the product is poorly biodegradable.

Product	Description				
Xylene	Solubility in water: 100 – 1,000 mg/L				
	Rapidly biodegradable				
Toluene	Rapidly biodegradable				
Butanol	Solubility in water: 1,000 – 10,	000 mg/L			
	Rapidly biodegradable	,			
Propan-2-ol	Rapidly biodegradable				
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Solubility in water: > 10,000 m	ng/L			
	Rapidly biodegradable				
Ethyl Acetate	Solubility in water: > 10,000 m	ng/L			
	Rapidly biodegradable				
N-Butyl Acetate	Solubility in water: 1,000 – 10,000 mg/L				
	Rapidly biodegradable				
Cellulose Nitrate	Biological degradation: ~ 20°	% after 28 days			

Bio accumulative Potential

Product		Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water	BCF
Xylene		3.6	25.9
Toluene	/:	2.73	90
Propan-2-ol	<i>A</i> :	0.05	<4
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	•	0.3	
Ethyl Acetate	:	0.68	30
N-Butyl Acetate	:	2.3	15.3

Mobility in Soil

Product		Partition Coefficient soil/water
Xylene		2.73
Butanol		0.388
N-Butyl Acetate	:	< 3

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

SDS.68 - Revision #: 1



Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ICAO/IATA
TRANSPORTATION	Road	Marine	Airways
PROPER SHIPPING		Paint Related Materi	
NAME		am kelalea Malen	ul
UN/ID No.		1263	
SYMBOL		3	
CLASS		3	
PACKING GROUP			
LABELLING NO		3	
Environmental			
Hazards (MARINE		No	
Polluant)			
HAZARD NO (HIN NO)	Kemler: 33		
EmS		F-E, S-E	
HS CODE		32089011	

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category – Directive 2012/18/EC: P5c-H3

Restrictions related to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

PRODUCT				
Point	:	3 – 40		
CONTAINED SUBSTANCE				
Point	:	48		
		Toluene Reg	. no: 01-2119471310-51	
SUBSTANCES IN CANDIDATE LIST (Art. 59 REACH)				
Di Butyl Phthalate				



SUBSTANCES SUBJECT TO AUTHORIZATION (ANNEX XIV REACH)

Di Butyl Phthalate

SUBSTANCES SUBJECT TO EXPORTATION REPORTING PURSUANT TO (EC) Reg. 689/2008

None

SUBSTANCES SUBJECT TO THE ROTTERDAM CONVENTION

None

SUBSTANCES SUBJECT TO THE STOCKHOLM CONVENTION

None

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of Issue : 18-01-2019

The information contained herein is based on the present state of our knowledge. It characterises the product with regard to the appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent a guarantee of any properties of the product.

